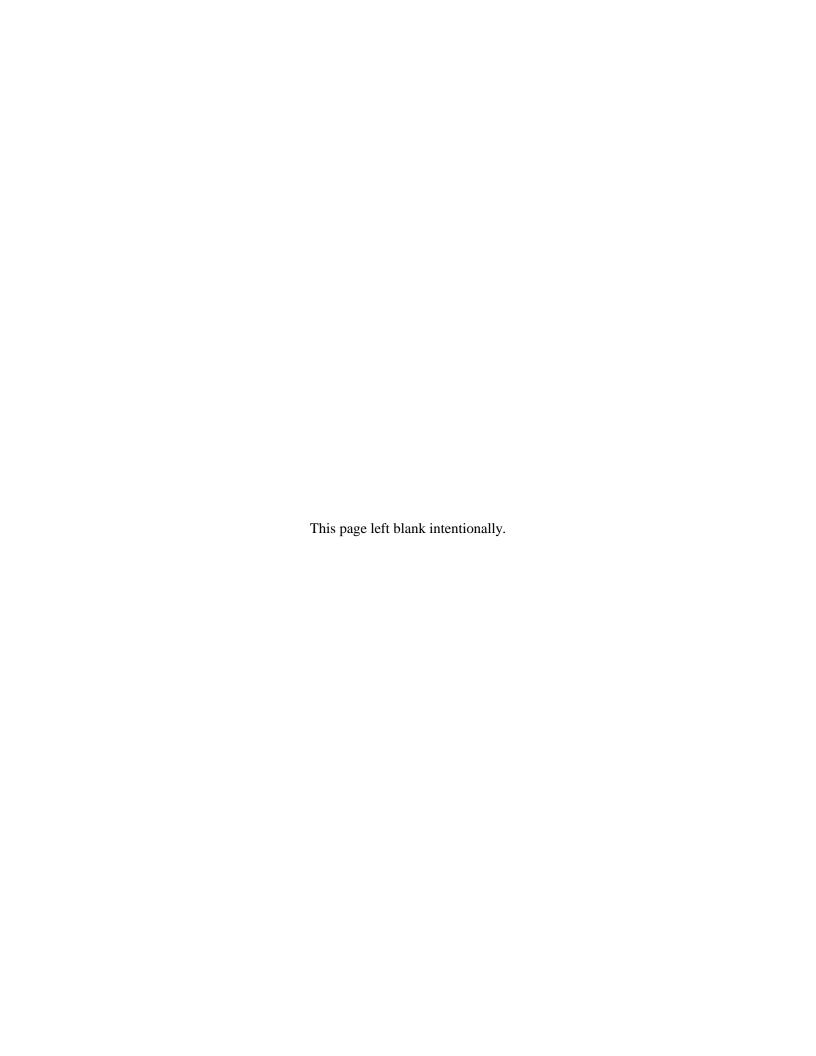
TRINITY COUNTY, TEXAS

AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND COMPLIANCE REPORT

SEPTEMBER 30, 2017





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TRINITY COUNTY, TEXAS PRINCIPAL PUBLIC OFFICIALS SEPTEMBER 30, 2017

COMMISSIONERS' COURT

Steven D. Page				
Jimmy Brown				
COUNTY ELECTEI				
Tommy Park				
Mark W. Cole				
Carl Casey				
Reggie Olive				
Joe Warner Bell	,			
Shasta Bergman				
Bob Dockens				
Danny Martin				
Lyle Stubbs				
Hayne Huffman				
Sam O. "Rod" Blair, III				
Woody Wallace Lindy Madden Warren				
DISTRICT ELECTE				
Bennie Shiro				
Ernie McClendon				
Kaycee Jones				
APPOINTED OFFICIALS				
Bonnie Kennedy				

FINANCIAL SECTION

Todd, Hamaker & Johnson, LLP

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

420 S 1st Street • PO Box 468 • Lufkin, TX 75902-0468 • (936) 632-8181 301 N 6th Street • PO Box 1249 • Crockett, TX 75835-1249 • (936) 544-2143

Melvin R. Todd, CPA Daren Hamaker, CPA Kim Johnson, CPA Rachel Kennerly, CPA

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Honorable County Judge and Members of the Commissioners' Court Trinity County, Texas

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Trinity County, Texas, (the "County") as of and for the year ended September 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT - CONTINUED

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Trinity County, Texas, as of September 30, 2017, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, schedule of changes in net pension liability, and the schedule of pension contributions and related notes on pages 11 - 17 and 59 - 73, respectively, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements on pages 79 - 88 are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated February 26, 2018, on pages 91 - 92, on our consideration of the County's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts,

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT - CONTINUED

and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the County's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Todd, Hamaker & Johnson, LLP

Todd, Hamaker & Johnson, LLP Lufkin, Texas

February 26, 2018

As management of Trinity County, Texas (the "County"), we offer readers of the County's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the County for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2017. We encourage readers to consider information presented here as well as the County's financial statements, which follow this section.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Government-wide financial statements

- The County's overall assets and deferred outflows exceeded its total liabilities and deferred inflows by \$7,809,544 (net position) at September 30, 2017.
- o Total assets and deferred outflows decreased by \$283,778 over the prior year; total liabilities and deferred inflows decreased by \$463,373 over the prior year.
- Overall revenues exceeded expenses by \$179,595.

Fund financial statements

O At the close of the current fiscal year, the County's governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$1,737,074. Overall revenues exceeded expenditures by \$363,141.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the County's basic financial statements. The County's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other required supplementary that further explains and supports the information in the financial statements.

Government-wide Financial Statements. The *government-wide financial statements*, which begin on page 23 of this report, are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the County's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the County's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as *net position*. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the County is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the County's net position changed during the fiscal year. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

Fund Financial Statements. A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The County, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized when they are both measurable and available. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for general obligation bond principal and interest, which are reported as expenditures in the year due.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental funds balance sheet and the governmental fund statements of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 28 to 35 of this report.

Fiduciary Funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources are not available to support the County's own programs.

The fiduciary fund financial statement can be found on page 37 of this report.

Notes to the Financial Statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 41 to 56 of this report.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of government's financial position. The County's assets exceeded its liabilities by \$7,809,544 at September 30, 2017.

The largest portion of the County's net position, or \$6,148,671, reflects its investment in capital assets (\$8,123,279) less the related debt used to acquire those assets that remains outstanding (\$1,974,608). The County uses these capital assets to provide service to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the County's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

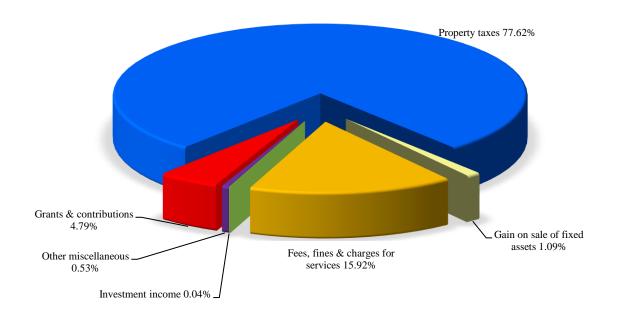
An additional portion of the County's net position (a total of \$455,559) represents resources that are subject to restriction on how they may be used.

The remaining balance of \$1,205,314 is unrestricted in nature.

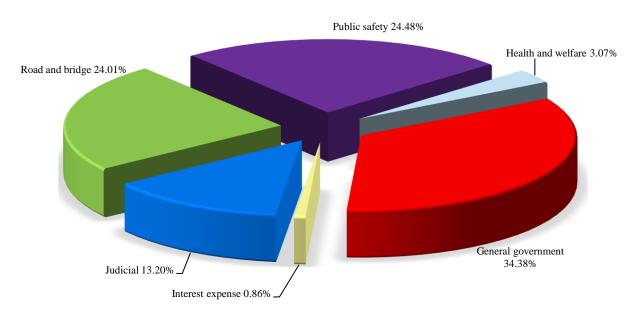
The County's Net Position

	2017	2016
ASSETS		
Current and other assets	\$ 2,259,814	\$ 2,166,473
Capital assets, net	8,123,279	8,361,279
Total assets	10,383,093	10,527,752
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	618,716	757,835
LIABILITIES		
Long-term liabilities	2,761,835	2,804,366
Other liabilities	342,226	750,903
Total liabilities	3,104,061	3,555,269
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	88,204	100,369
NET POSITION		
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	6,148,671	6,338,876
Restricted	455,559	375,766
Unrestricted	1,205,314	915,307
Total net position	\$ 7,809,544	\$ 7,629,949
Change in Net Pos	sition	
_	2017	2016
Revenues		
Fees, fines, charges for services	\$ 1,075,917	\$ 1,184,423
Grants and contributions, net of		
pass-through expenditures	323,783	1,178,391
Property taxes	5,219,615	4,889,759
Payment in lieu of taxes	24,865	26,411
Investment income	2,930	2,620
Gain on sale of assets	73,649	10,989
Other miscellaneous	35,756	369,852
Total revenues	6,756,515	7,662,445
Expenses		
General government	2,261,450	3,030,480
Judicial	868,147	912,443
Public safety	1,609,796	1,566,450
Road and bridge	1,579,245	1,621,204
Health and welfare	201,920	289,284
Interest on long-term debt	56,362	53,303
Total expenses	6,576,920	7,473,164
Increase (decrease) in net position	179,595	189,281
Net position at beginning of year	7,629,949	7,440,668
Net position at end of year	\$ 7,809,544	\$ 7,629,949

Revenues by Source For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2017



Expenses by Function For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2017



FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE COUNTY'S FUNDS

Governmental Funds. The focus of the County's *governmental funds* is to provide information on nearterm inflows, outflows, and balances of *spendable* resources. Such information is useful in assessing the County's financing requirements. In particular, *unassigned fund balances* may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

The County's governmental fund financial statements are presented on pages 28 to 35.

As of September 30, 2017, the County's governmental funds reported a combined positive fund balance of \$1,737,074.

This fund balance is comprised of \$608,418 that is either in a nonspendable form, restricted, or assigned for specific purposes. The remaining balance, \$1,128,656, is unassigned. During the year, the fund balance in the County's governmental funds increased by \$363,141.

Budgetary Comparisons. A comparison of the County's major fund's budget and actual results are presented as required supplementary information on pages 59 to 67.

General Fund. No change (revenues equal to expenditures) in fund balance was budgeted for the fund. Actual results yielded a \$301,774 increase in fund balance, with a favorable budget variance of \$301,774.

Road and Bridge Fund, Precinct No. 1. No change (revenues equal to expenditures) in fund balance was budgeted for the fund. Actual results yielded a \$10,466 increase in fund balance, with a favorable budget variance of \$10,466.

Road and Bridge Fund, Precinct No. 2. No change (revenues equal to expenditures) in fund balance was budgeted for the fund. Actual results yielded a \$7,805 decrease in fund balance, with an unfavorable budget variance of \$7,805.

Road and Bridge Fund, Precinct No. 3. No change (revenues equal to expenditures) in fund balance was budgeted for the fund. Actual results yielded a \$19,436 decrease in fund balance, with an unfavorable budget variance of \$19,436.

Road and Bridge Fund, Precinct No. 4. No change (revenues equal to expenditures) in fund balance was budgeted for the fund. Actual results yielded a \$13,654 decrease in fund balance, with an unfavorable budget variance of \$13,654.

CAPITAL ASSETS

The County's investment in capital assets as of September 30, 2017 totaled \$8,123,279 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment includes land, building, equipment, improvements (other than buildings).

Capital assets of \$758,360 were purchased during the year. Significant purchases included:

- Software for the justices of the peace
- Various equipment and building improvements
- Various trucks and heavy equipment (partially funded by capital leases/notes)

Capital Assets (Net of Depreciation)

	2017			2016		
Land	\$	44,999	\$	44,999		
Construction in progress		-		18,228		
Buildings and improvements		7,294,617		7,244,159		
Infrastructure		899,108		899,108		
Rolling stock		3,143,905		3,268,031		
Furniture and equipment		913,501		866,647		
Less: accumulated depreciation		(4,172,851)		(3,979,893)		
Total	\$	8,123,279	\$	8,361,279		

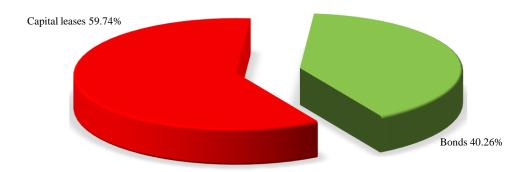
DEBT ADMINISTRATION

At the end of the current fiscal year, the County had total debt and capital lease obligations of \$1,974,608.

Debt Outstanding

	Beginning						Ending	
	 Balance		Additions		Reductions		Balance	
Short-term notes	\$ 20,030	\$	-	\$	(20,030)	\$	-	
Capital leases	1,047,403		548,633		(416,428)		1,179,608	
Bond obligations	 975,000		<u>-</u>		(180,000)		795,000	
Total	\$ 2,042,433	\$	548,633	\$	(616,458)	\$	1,974,608	

Total Debt Outstanding September 30, 2017



REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

The financial report is designed to provide our citizens, customers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the County's finances. If you have questions about this report or need any additional information, contact the Trinity County Auditor at (936) 642-2233 or write to P.O. Box 457, Groveton, Texas 75845.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

TRINITY COUNTY, TEXAS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION SEPTEMBER 30, 2017

	Primary	Government		
	Governmental			
	Activities	Total		
ASSETS				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,400,18	9 \$ 1,400,189		
Receivables				
Property taxes, net of allowance for uncollectibles	311,92	6 311,926		
Fines, net of allowance for uncollectibles	35,17	1 35,171		
Prepaids	29,84	2 29,842		
Restricted assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	482,68	482,686		
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	8,123,27	9 8,123,279		
TOTAL ASSETS	10,383,09	10,383,093		
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Pension plan	618,71	618,716		
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	618,71	618,716		
LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable	113,53	3 113,533		
Accrued expenses	125,87			
Accrued interest	15,48			
Accrued compensated absences	73,11			
Unearned revenue - 2017 salary supplements	14,21			
Noncurrent liabilities				
Net pension liability	787,22	7 787,227		
Due within one year	659,88	659,881		
Due in more than one year	1,314,72	7 1,314,727		
TOTAL LIABILITIES	3,104,06	3,104,061		
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Pension plan	88,20	88,204		
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	88,20	88,204		
NET POSITION				
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	6,148,67	6,148,671		
Restricted for:	-, -,	-, -,		
General government	2,74	7 2,747		
Debt service	177,76			
Judicial/courts	25,00			
Records management	127,53	9 127,539		
Hotel/motel tax	11,90			
Law enforcement	110,59	1 110,591		
Unrestricted	1,205,31	4 1,205,314		
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 7,809,54	4 \$ 7,809,544		

TRINITY COUNTY, TEXAS STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2017

Functions/Programs	 Expenses
Primary government	
Governmental activities	
General government	\$ 2,261,450
Judicial	868,147
Public safety	1,609,796
Road and bridge	1,579,245
Health and welfare	201,920
Pass-through expenditures	29,354
Interest on long-term debt	 56,362
Total governmental activities	6,606,274

Program Revenues						Net (Expenses) Revenues and Changes in Net Position		
Cł	Fees, Fines, Ope Charges for Gran		Operating Grants and entributions		Capital Grants and Contributions		overnmental Activities	
\$	126,051 243,163 213,549 474,457 18,697 - - 1,075,917	\$	58,102 117,439 36,493 50,571 48,679 29,354	\$	- 12,499 - - - - - 12,499	\$	(2,077,297) (507,545) (1,347,255) (1,054,217) (134,544) - (56,362) (5,177,220)	
Prop Inve Payr Gair Mis To	ral revenues perty taxes estment incomments in lieu of n on sale of as cellaneous incotal general re Change in net osition - begir osition - endir	of taxes ssets come evenues a position aning				\$	5,219,615 2,930 24,865 73,649 35,756 5,356,815 179,595 7,629,949 7,809,544	

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

TRINITY COUNTY, TEXAS BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2017

	General Fund		Bri	oad and dge Fund ct No. 1	Road and Bridge Fund Pct No. 2	
ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalents Receivables	\$	1,091,114	\$	23,213	\$	62,254
Property taxes, net of allowance for uncollectibles		299,962		-		-
Fines, net of allowance for uncollectibles		35,171		-		-
Grants Other		-		-		-
Other Due from other funds		-		-		-
Prepaid items		21,161		2,354		221
•	Φ.		Φ.		Φ.	
TOTAL ASSETS	<u>\$</u>	1,447,408	\$	25,567	\$	62,475
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES						
Liabilities:						
Accounts payable	\$	42,173	\$	7,652	\$	1,361
Accrued expenses		111,893		4,761		933
Accrued interest		-		-		-
Unearned revenue - 2017 salary supplements Due to other funds		14,217		-		_
Short term notes payable		-		_		_
Total liabilities		168,283		12,413		2,294
		,		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		
Deferred inflows of resources:		250 220				
Unavailable revenue - property taxes Unavailable revenue - fines		259,338		-		-
Total deferred inflows of resources		259,338		<u> </u>		<u> </u>
Fund balances:						
Nonspendable		21,161		2,354		221
Restricted		2,595		-		-
Assigned		-		-		59,960
Unassigned		996,031		10,800		_
Total fund balances		1,019,787		13,154		60,181
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS						
OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES	\$	1,447,408	\$	25,567	\$	62,475

Br	Road and idge Fund Pct No. 3	Brie	Road and Bridge Fund Pct No. 4		Nonmajor Governmental Funds		Total overnmental Funds
\$	107,563	\$	81,851	\$	516,880	\$	1,882,875
	_		_		11,964		311,926
	-		-		-		35,171
	-		-		-		-
	-		-		-		-
	-		-		-		-
	2,612		3,494				29,842
\$	110,175	\$	85,345	\$	528,844	\$	2,259,814
\$	49,602	\$	11,757	\$	988	\$	113,533
Ψ	2,708	Ψ	3,522	Ψ	2,059	Ψ	125,876
	-,, 00		-		-,007		-
	-		-		-		14,217
	-		-		-		-
	52,310		15,279		3,047		253,626
	-		-		9,776		269,114
							_
					9,776		269,114
	2,612		3,494		-		29,842
	-		-		452,964		455,559
	-		-		63,057		123,017
	55,253		66,572				1,128,656
	57,865		70,066		516,021		1,737,074
\$	110,175	\$	85,345	\$	528,844	\$	2,259,814

TRINITY COUNTY, TEXAS RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2017

Total fund balances - governmental funds balance sheet	\$ 1,737,074
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.	8,123,279
Deferred pension plan amounts relate to subsequent pension plan measurement periods and/or do not consume current financial resources and therefore, these amounts are not reported in the governmental funds.	530,512
Certain revenues are not available to pay current period expenditures and therefore, are reported as deferred inflows in the governmental funds.	269,114
Payables for accrued interest on long-term liabilities and accrued compensated absences are not due in the current period and therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.	(88,600)
Payables for long-term liabilities, including certificates of obligations, capital leases, and net pension liabilities are not due in the current period and therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.	 (2,761,835)
Net position of governmental activities	\$ 7,809,544

TRINITY COUNTY, TEXAS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2017

	General Fund	Road and Bridge Fund Pct No. 1	Road and Bridge Fund Pct No. 2
REVENUES			
Property taxes	\$ 4,775,589	\$ -	\$ -
Fines and forfeitures	194,286	-	-
Fees, licenses, and permits	289,107	123,233	47,397
Intergovernmental revenue and grants	232,657	5,592	31,212
Contributions and donations from private sources	14,814	-	-
Payment in lieu of taxes	24,865	-	-
Investment earnings	1,814	43	130
Other revenue	 38,772		208
Total revenues	 5,571,904	128,868	78,947
EXPENDITURES			
General government	1,944,416	-	-
Judicial	820,698	-	-
Public safety	1,422,385	-	-
Road and bridge	2,000	320,417	109,379
Health and welfare	184,431	-	-
Pass-through expenditures	-	-	-
Capital outlay	195,579	285,874	-
Debt service			
Principal	45,857	13,565	-
Interest	 1,982	5,816	
Total expenditures	 4,617,348	625,672	109,379
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES			
OVER EXPENDITURES	 954,556	(496,804)	(30,432)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			
Sale of real and personal property	2,937	47,369	-
Proceeds from notes/capital leases	42,753	280,291	-
Transfers in	-	179,610	93,760
Transfers out	 (698,472)		(71,133)
Net other financing sources (uses)	(652,782)	507,270	22,627
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	301,774	10,466	(7,805)
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR	 718,013	2,688	67,986
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$ 1,019,787	\$ 13,154	\$ 60,181

Brio	oad and lge Fund	Road and Bridge Fund	Nonmajor vernmental	Total Governmental				
Pc	Pct No. 3 Pct No. 4		 Funds		Funds			
\$	_	\$ -	\$ 261,792	\$	5,037,381			
	-	-	14,988		209,274			
	109,013	194,328	121,898		884,976			
	4,947	8,819	46,498		329,725			
	-	-	-		14,814			
	-	-	-		24,865			
	219	130	594		2,930			
	11,094	587	 6,561		57,222			
	125,273	203,864	 452,331		6,561,187			
	_	_	64,165		2,008,581			
	_	_	10,234	830,932				
	_	_	15,435		1,437,820			
	357,172	459,918	-		1,248,886			
	-	-	15,939		200,370			
	_	-	29,354		29,354			
	123,569	139,255	14,084		758,361			
	24,683	5,323	180,000		269,428			
	2,474	3,077	 32,824		46,173			
	507,898	607,573	 362,035	6,829,905				
	(382,625)	(403,709)	90,296		(268,718)			
	(502,025)	(105,70)	 <u> </u>		(200,710)			
	15.750	17.160			02.225			
	15,750	17,169	-		83,225			
	112,795	112,795	1 500		548,634			
	234,644	260,091	1,500		769,605			
	-		 		(769,605)			
	363,189	390,055	1,500		631,859			
	(19,436)	(13,654)	91,796		363,141			
	77,301	83,720	 424,225	1,373,933				
\$	57,865	\$ 70,066	\$ 516,021	\$	1,737,074			

TRINITY COUNTY, TEXAS

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2017

Net change in fund balance - governmental funds	\$ 363,141
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Capital outlays are not reported as expenses in the statement of activities.	758,361
The depreciation of capital assets used in governmental activities is not reported in the governmental funds.	(659,783)
The net effect of other miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets (i.e. sales, non-cash donations, trade-ins, disposals) decreases net position.	(9,576)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the governmental funds.	151,033
Repayment of long-term debt is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but is not an expense in the statement of activities.	269,428
Proceeds from the issuance of long-term debt (e.g. bonds, leases) do not provide revenue in the statement of activities, but are reported as current resources in the governmental funds.	(548,633)
Amount represents the change in accrued compensated absences from the beginning of the period to the end of the period.	(1,969)
This amount represents the change in net pension assets and liabilities from the beginning of the period to the end of the period.	(132,219)
Amount represents the change in accrued interest from the beginning of the period to the end of the period.	 (10,188)
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$ 179,595

TRINITY COUNTY, TEXAS STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2017

	Agency Funds	
ASSETS		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 441,9	<u>25</u>
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 441,9	<u>25</u>
LIABILITIES		
Amounts held for others	\$ 326,9	35
Due to other units	114,9	90
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$ 441,9	25

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Introduction

The financial statements of Trinity County, Texas (the "County") have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP") as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant accounting and reporting policies used by the County are discussed below.

Reporting Entity

Trinity County, Texas (the "County") is a public corporation and political subdivision of the State of Texas. The County is governed by an elected Commissioners' Court, comprised of the County Judge and four Commissioners. The County provides the following services as authorized by the laws of the State of Texas: general government (e.g. tax collection), judicial (courts, juries, district attorney, etc.), public safety (sheriff, jail, etc.), highways and streets, and public welfare (e.g. juvenile services and assistance to indigents).

For financial reporting purposes, based on standards established by GASB Statement No. 61, *The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus*, these financial statements should present the County (the primary government) and its component units. Component units generally are legally separate entities for which the primary government is financially accountable or for which the nature and significance of their relationship with a primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading. The County does not have any blended or discretely presented component units.

Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements include the statement of net position and the statement of activities. These statements report information on all of the activities of the County as a whole. *Governmental activities* include programs normally supported by taxes, grants, and other intergovernmental revenues.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include: 1) charges to customers who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other revenue sources not properly included with program revenues are reported as *general revenues*.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds. Major individual governmental funds are reported in separate columns in the fund financial statements.

New Accounting Pronouncements

GASB Statement No. 80, *Blending Requirements for Certain Component Units – an amendment of GASB Statement No. 14* ("GASB 80"), addresses financial statement presentation requirements for certain component units. The requirements of this statement are effective for financial statements for periods beginning after June 15, 2016. Implementation of GASB 80 did not have an impact on the County's financial disclosures.

GASB Statement No. 82, *Pension Issues – an amendment of GASB Statements No. 67*, *No. 68*, *and No. 73* ("GASB 82"), addresses issues regarding the presentation of payroll-related measures in required supplementary information, the selection of assumptions and the treatment of deviations from the guidance in an Actuarial Standard of Practice for financial reporting purposes, and the classification of payments made by employers to satisfy employee contribution requirements. The requirements of this statement are effective for financial statements for periods beginning after June 15, 2016. Implementation of GASB 80 did not have an impact on the County's financial disclosures.

GASB Statement No. 83, *Certain Asset Retirement Obligations* ("GASB 83"), addresses accounting and financial reporting for certain asset retirements which include a legally enforceable liability associated with the retirement of such tangible capital asset. The requirements of this statement are effective for financial statements for periods beginning after June 15, 2018. The effects of implementing GASB 83 on the County's financial disclosures have not been evaluated by management.

GASB Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities* ("GASB 84"), improves guidance regarding the identification of fiduciary activities for accounting and financial reporting purposes and how those activities should be reported. The requirements of this statement are effective for financial statements for periods beginning after December 15, 2018. The effects of implementing GASB 84 on the County's financial disclosures have not been evaluated by management.

GASB Statement No. 85, *Omnibus 2017* ("GASB 85"), addresses practice issues that have been identified during implementation of certain GASB Statements, including those related to blending component units, goodwill, fair value measurement, and postemployment benefits. The requirements of this statement are effective for financial statements for periods beginning after June 15, 2017. The effects of implementing GASB 85 on the County's financial disclosures have not been evaluated by management.

GASB Statement No. 86, Certain Debt Extinguishment Issues ("GASB 86"), is intended to improve consistency in accounting and financial reporting for in-substance defeasance of debt by providing guidance for transactions in which cash and other monetary assets acquired with only existing resources—resources other than the proceeds of refunding debt—are placed in an irrevocable trust for the sole purpose of extinguishing debt. The requirements of this statement are effective for financial statements for periods beginning after June 15, 2017. The effects of implementing GASB 86 on the County's financial disclosures have not been evaluated by management.

GASB Statement No. 87, *Leases* ("GASB 87"), is intended to increase the usefulness of governments' financial statements by requiring recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. The requirements of this statement are effective for financial statements for periods beginning after December 15, 2019. The effects of implementing GASB 87 on the County's financial disclosures have not been evaluated by management.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property tax revenues are recognized in the year for which they are levied. Grants and donations are recognized as revenue in the fiscal year in which grantor eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized when they are both measurable and available. Available means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay current liabilities. The County considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the fiscal year. Expenditures are recorded when the related liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. Debt service expenditures, both principal and interest, are recorded only when payment is due.

Major governmental fund revenue sources susceptible to accrual include: sales and use taxes, property taxes, and investment income. In general, all other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received. Expenditure driven grants are recognized as revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other grant requirements have been met.

The County's funds are classified as either governmental or fiduciary and are described below.

Governmental Funds. Governmental funds are used to account for all or most of a government's general activity.

The *general fund* is the County's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The principal sources of revenues include local property taxes, fines, fees, license and permits, and intergovernmental revenue and grants. Expenditures include general government; judicial; public safety; and health and welfare.

The *debt service fund* is used to account for the collection of interest and sinking funds collected and expenditures for the payment of the County's certificates of obligation.

Special revenue funds are used to account for resources restricted to, or designated for, specific purposes by the County or a grantor in a special revenue fund.

Fiduciary funds account for assets held by a government in a trustee or agency capacity on behalf of others.

Agency funds are used to account for assets received and held for the benefit of other funds, individuals, or organizations. Agency funds held by the county function as clearing accounts and are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the County's own programs.

The general fund is considered a major governmental fund. Additionally, the County has elected to present the road and bridge funds for precincts 1, 2, 3, and 4 as major funds due to their significance within the County.

The County has no proprietary funds.

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned, or unassigned) amounts are available, it is the County's policy to generally consider restricted amounts to have been reduced first. When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used, it is the policy of the County that committed amounts would be reduced first, followed by assigned amounts, and then unassigned amounts. In both instances, when a proposed expenditure is made with specific balances identified as the source of the funding, that specific fund balance will be used.

Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position or Fund Balance

Deposits and Investments

The County's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, money market accounts, certificates of deposit, and short-term, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and so near maturity that they present insignificant risk of changes in value because of changes in interest rates. Cash equivalents include investments with original maturities of three months or less and are stated at fair value.

Certificates of deposit consist of deposits with original maturities greater than three months.

The County is required by the Public Funds Collateral Act (Government Code, chapter 2257) to maintain security for all deposits of funds that exceed coverage provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ("FDIC"). As of the balance sheet date, the County's cash deposits were fully collateralized by securities pledged by the depository banks. Based on audit procedures conducted in conjunction with the audit of the basic financial statements, the County appears to have complied with the requirements of the Public Funds Collateral Act.

The County is required by the Public Funds Investment Act (Government Code, chapter 2256) (the "Act") to adopt, implement, and publicize a written investment policy which primarily emphasizes safety of principal and liquidity, and addresses investment diversification, yield, and maturity. Additionally, the policy must address the quality and capability of investment management and include the types of investments in which the entity may invest its funds, as well as the maximum allowable stated maturity of any individual investment, the maximum dollar-weighted average maturity allowed based on the stated maturity date for the portfolio of pooled fund groups, and bid requirements for certificates of deposit.

The County is authorized to invest in financial instruments, as authorized by the Act, including:

- U.S. Treasury securities which have a liquid market; direct obligations of the State of Texas, and other obligations that are guaranteed by the State of Texas or United States of America;
- obligations of states, agencies, counties, and other political subdivisions of any state having been rated as investment quality by a nationally recognized investment rating firm and having received a rating of not less than "A" or its equivalent;
- fully insured or collateralized certificates of deposit at commercial banks;
- repurchase agreements collateralized by U.S. Treasury or U.S. Government Agency securities in accordance with a master repurchase agreement;
- joint pools of political subdivisions in the State of Texas which invest in instruments and follow practices allowed by current law (the pool must be continuously rated no lower than "AAA" or "AAA-m" by at least one nationally recognized rating service).

The Act also requires an annual audit of investment practices. Based on audit procedures conducted in conjunction with the audit of the basic financial statements, the County appears to have complied with the requirements of the Public Funds Investment Act.

Fair Value of Financial Instruments

The County evaluates the fair value of its non-investment financial instruments based on the current interest rate environment and current pricing of debt instruments with comparable terms. The carrying value of all non-investment financial instruments, including debt, is considered to approximate fair value.

Receivables

Property tax receivables reflect outstanding and delinquent property tax levies and are shown net of an allowance for uncollectibles. The allowance is calculated based on historical collection rates.

Fines receivable reflect outstanding fines and citations charged by the various justice of the peace offices within the County. The receivable is shown net of an allowance for uncollectibles. The fines receivable allowance is calculated based on historical collection rates.

Restricted Assets

Certain assets are classified as restricted because they are maintained in separate accounts and their use is limited by applicable bond covenants, grant agreements, laws or regulations, and/or other contractual agreements.

Prepaid Items

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

Capital Assets, Depreciation, and Amortization

The County's property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure are reported in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the County as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Contributed capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date received.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

Infrastructure assets are a subset of capital assets and primarily consist of roads and bridges. GASB No. 34 encourages but does not require Phase 3 governments (counties with revenues of less than \$10 million) to retroactively report major general infrastructure assets. New roads and bridges acquired after October 1, 2003 are required to be reported. No capital expenditures for roads or bridges were made during the year.

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method. When capital assets are disposed, the cost and applicable accumulated depreciation are removed from the respective accounts, and the resulting gain or loss is recorded in operations.

The estimated useful lives of the County's capital assets are as follows:

5 to 40 years
3 to 7 years
2 to 7 years
20 to 30 years

Deferred Inflows/Outflows of Resources

Deferred Outflows of Resources. In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until that time. The County has three types of items which arise only under a full accrual basis of accounting and are therefore reported only on the government-wide statement of net position, that qualify for reporting in this category: unamortized differences – pension plan projected and actual investment earnings; and unamortized differences – changes in actuarial assumptions, are recognized as a component of pension expense at an actuarially determined rate. Pension contributions subsequent to the plan measurement date is recognized as a component of pension expense in the following fiscal year.

Deferred Inflows of Resources. In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The County has three items that qualify for reporting in this category: two items, which arise only under a modified accrual basis of accounting, unavailable revenue – property taxes and unavailable revenue – fines, are reported only on the governmental funds balance sheet; and one item, which arises only under a full accrual basis of accounting, unamortized differences – pension plan expected and actual economic experience, is recognized as a component of pension expense at an actuarially determined rate and is reported on the government-wide statement of net position.

Compensated Absences

A liability for unused vacation, personal, and comp-time for all full-time employees is calculated and reported in the government-wide statements. For financial reporting, the following criteria must be met to be considered as compensated absences:

- Leave or compensation is attributable to services already rendered;
- Leave or compensation is not contingent on a specific event (such as illness).

Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in governmental activities. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method that approximates the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the bond premiums or discounts. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

In fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the period such activity occurs. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Assets acquired under the terms of capital leases are recorded as liabilities and capitalized in the government-wide financial statements at the present value of net minimum lease payments at inception of the lease. In the year of acquisition, capital lease transactions are recorded as other financial sources and as capital outlay in the acquiring fund. Lease payments representing both principal and interest are recorded as expenditures in the applicable fund upon payment with an appropriate reduction of principal recorded in the government-wide financial statements.

Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability/net pension asset, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the Fiduciary Net Position of the Texas County & District Retirement System ("TCDRS") and additions to/deductions from TMRS's Fiduciary Net Position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by TCDRS. For this purpose, plan contributions are recognized in the period that compensation is reported for the employee, which is when contributions are legally due. Benefit payments and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Net Position and Fund Balances

In the government-wide financial statements, the difference between the County's total assets and total liabilities represents net position. Net position is displayed in three components – invested in capital assets, net of related debt; restricted; and unrestricted. At September 30, 2017, restricted net position represents monies that are legally restricted for payment of debt service, law enforcement costs, and other purposes restricted by law. Unrestricted net position represents the net assets available for future operations.

In the governmental fund financial statements, fund balances are classified as follows:

Non-spendable – amounts that cannot be spent either because they are in non-spendable form (such as inventories and prepaid amounts) or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted – amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes due to constraints imposed on resources either (a) externally by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed – amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal resolutions or ordinances of the Commissioners' Court – the government's highest level of decision making authority. Commitments may be established, modified, or rescinded only through ordinances or resolutions approved by the Commissioners' Court.

Assigned – amounts that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed but that are intended to be used for specific purposes.

Unassigned – all other spendable amounts.

Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Budgets and Budgetary Process

The County Judge submits an annual budget to the Commissioners Court for review and approval prior to September of the upcoming fiscal year. Routinely, several budget workshops are held in which the original

budget is reviewed and possibly revised. In September, the Commissioners Court and County Judge adopt the annual budget for the general fund and selected special revenue funds.

Subsequent to approval, the Commissioners Court and County Judge may amend the legally adopted budget when unexpected modifications are required in estimated revenues and expenditures. The County amended its budget several times during the year, with all budget amendments being approved by an act of the Commissioners Court.

Accounting standards require budgets to be presented for all of the County's major funds. A comparison of the actual versus budgeted results for each major fund is included on pages 59 to 67.

DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

ASSETS

Deposits and Investments

Custodial Credit Risk – Deposits. In the case of deposits, this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the County's deposits may not be returned. The County maintains its cash deposits at financial institutions whose deposits are insured by the FDIC. Any funds in excess of FDIC coverage are collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institutions. All cash and cash equivalents are reported at fair value. The County did not have any investments at year end.

As of September 30, 2017, the County's cash deposits with depository banks totaled \$2,512,430, including agency funds totaling \$668,588. All deposits were fully secured by FDIC coverage and securities pledged by the depository banks with total collateral value of \$5,297,334.

Receivables

Receivable and Uncollectible Accounts. Receivables at year end for the County's individual major funds, including the related allowances for uncollectible accounts are as follows:

	Property			
	<u>Taxes</u> <u>Fines</u>	Totals		
Receivables by activity				
General fund	\$ 2,048,413 \$ 1,172,371	\$ 3,220,784		
Debt service fund	81,700 -	81,700		
Total receivables	2,130,113 1,172,371	3,302,484		
Allowance				
for uncollectibles				
General fund	(1,748,451) $(1,137,200)$	(2,885,651)		
Debt service fund	<u>(69,736</u>)	(69,736)		
Total allowance	(1,818,187)(1,137,200)	(2,955,387)		
Total receivables, net	<u>\$ 311,926</u> <u>\$ 35,171</u>	\$ 347,097		

Property Taxes. Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1. Property taxes are due October 1 and become delinquent January 31. The combined tax rate to finance general governmental services and principal and interest on general long term debt for the year ended September 30, 2017 (tax year 2016), was \$.6500 per \$100 of assessed valuation. Of this rate, \$.0339 was allocated to debt service and \$.6161 was allocated to maintenance and operation.

Of the \$2,130,113 in property taxes receivable, \$1,733,917 represents the outstanding balances of assessments for tax years 2015 and prior.

Capital Assets

A summary of changes in capital assets for the year ended September 30, 2017, is as follows:

	_0	Balance 9/30/2016	Additions		Deletions			Balance 09/30/2017
Capital assets, not being depreciate	d							
Land	\$	44,999	\$	-	\$	-	\$	44,999
Construction in progress		18,228	_			(18,228)		
Total not being depreciated		63,227				(18,228)		44,999
Capital assets, being depreciated								
Buildings and improvements		7,244,159		50,458		-		7,294,617
Infrastructure		899,108		-		-		899,108
Rolling stock		3,268,031		545,265		(669,391)		3,143,905
Furniture and equipment		866,647	_	58,845		(11,991)		913,501
Total being depreciated		12,277,945	_	654,568		(681,382)	_	12,251,131
Less accumulated depreciation:								
Buildings and improvements		(1,121,738)		(190,415)		-		(1,312,153)
Infrastructure		(104,259)		(84,666)		-		(188,925)
Rolling stock		(2,052,927)		(310,090)		454,961		(1,908,056)
Furniture and equipment		(700,969)	_	(74,612)		11,864	_	(763,717)
Total accumulated depreciation		(3,979,893)		(659,783)		466,825		(4,172,851)
Total being depreciated, net		8,298,052	_	(5,215)		(214,557)	_	8,078,280
Total capital assets, net	\$	8,361,279	\$	(5,215)	\$	(232,785)	\$	8,123,279
	I	Less associate	ed (debt			_	(1,974,608)
	I	nvested in ca	apit	al assets, net	of re	lated debt	\$	6,148,671

Depreciation expense was charged to the following functions/programs of governmental activities as follows:

General government	\$	218,381
Judicial		10,152
Road and bridge		300,633
Public safety		130,617
Total	<u>\$</u>	659,783

LIABILITIES

Short-term Debt

From time to time, the County will utilize short-term financing to provide for certain operating expenditures. During the current fiscal year, all short-term debt outstanding from the prior year was paid-off. The following presents a summary of the changes in short-term debt activity for the current fiscal year.

	Ge F	oad and dge Funds	Totals		
Balance, September 30, 2016 Additional borrowings	\$	-	\$ 20,030	\$	20,030
Principal payments		<u>-</u>	 (20,030)		(20,030)
Balance, September 30, 2017	\$	-	\$ 	\$	

Capital Leases

The County has entered into lease agreements as lessee for financing the acquisition of machinery and equipment and vehicles. The agreements accrue interest at rates from 2.09% to 2.55% and are all for durations greater than one year. These lease agreements qualify as capital leases for accounting purposes, and therefore, have been recorded at the present value of their future minimum lease payments as of the inception date.

The assets acquired through capital leases are as follows:

	General Fund			Road and ridge Funds	Totals
Asset:					
Rolling stock	\$	139,928	\$	1,078,397	\$ 1,218,325
Less accumulated depreciation		(28,051)		(301,734)	 (329,785)
Total	\$	111,877	\$	776,663	\$ 888,540

The future minimum lease obligations and the net present value of these minimum lease payments as of September 30, 2017, were as follows:

	General		Road and		
Year ending September 30,	 Fund	Bı	ridge Funds	 Totals	
2018	\$ 68,961	\$	433,903	\$ 502,864	
2019	22,114		395,282	417,396	
2020	-		310,080	310,080	
2021	-		-	_	
2022	-		-	_	
2023	 			 	
Total minimum lease payments	\$ 91,075	\$	1,139,266	\$ 1,230,341	
Less amount representing interest	 (2,465)		(48,268)	 (50,733)	
Present value of minimum lease payments	\$ 88,610	\$	1,090,998	\$ 1.179.608	

Long-term Liabilities

Long-term liability activity for the year ended September 30, 2017, was as follows:

	 Balance 09/30/16	Additions	R	Reductions	Balance 09/30/17	Oue Within One Year
Bonds payable –						
2012 Refunding	\$ 495,000	\$ -	\$	(115,000)	\$ 380,000	\$ 120,000
2012 Certificates	480,000	-		(65,000)	415,000	65,000
Capital leases	 1,047,403	 548,633		(416,428)	 1,179,608	 474,881
Total long-term debt	\$ 2,022,403	\$ 548,633	\$	(596,428)	\$ 1,974,608	\$ 659,881

Interest expense for the year totaled \$56,362. Interest payments made during the year totaled \$46,174.

The annual debt service requirements to maturity for long-term debt are as follows:

	G	eneral Obl	igat	ions and									
Year Ending	Certificates of Obligation				Capital Leases					<u>Totals</u>			
September 30,	<u>P</u>	rincipal	Interest		Principal			Interest		Principal		Interest	
2018	\$	185,000	\$	26,875	\$	474,881	\$	27,983	\$	659,881	\$	54,858	
2019		190,000		20,700		402,362		15,034		592,362		35,734	
2020		195,000		14,363		302,365		7,716		497,365		22,079	
2021		80,000		7,850		-		-		80,000		7,850	
2022		70,000		5,075		-		-		70,000		5,075	
2023-2027		75,000		2,625					_	75,000		2,625	
Totals	\$	795,000	\$	77,488	\$	1,179,608	\$	50,733	\$	1,974,608	\$	128,221	

At year end, the County had cash totaling \$175,577 available in the debt service fund to service long-term debt.

Bonds and other debt payable at September 30, 2017, are comprised of the following:

General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2012. On June 15, 2012, the County issued \$1,435,000 of general obligation bonds carrying a rate of 3.250%. The bonds were issued to retire existing bonds and take advantage of lower interest rates. The bonds are subject to mandatory redemption in prescribed amounts before the maturity dates from 2012 to 2023. The proceeds, net of issue costs, were used to refund the outstanding balance (\$1,370,000) of the Certificates of Obligation, Series 2008.

Certificates of Obligation, Series 2012. On June 15, 2012, the County issued \$700,000 of certificates of obligation. The bonds were issued as term bonds at a rate of 3.50%. The bonds are subject to mandatory redemption in prescribed amounts before the maturity date from 2013 to 2023. The net proceeds were used to fund the purchase of the courthouse annex buildings.

Both the Series 2012 bonds and certificates require annual payments of principal and semi-annual payments of interest at varying amounts. The bond indenture allows the County to pay the bonds from the proceeds of an additional ad valorem tax that may be levied by the County, and the County has pledged any such proceeds to secure the payment. The bonds have been recorded in the debt service fund.

Bond Compliance Requirements

The bond ordinances require that during the period in which the bonds are outstanding, the County must create and maintain certain accounts or funds to receive the proceeds from the sale of the bonds and to account for the revenues (as defined) and/or taxes, which are pledged for payment of the bonds. The assets can be used only in accordance with the terms of the bond ordinance and for the specific purpose(s) designated therein.

Interfund Transactions

Internal Balances. Interfund receivable and payable balances are the result of cash needed by a special revenue fund until the fund is able to generate sufficient revenues to cover expenditures. These receivables and payables are netted and eliminated on the government-wide statement of net position. The County did not have any interfund receivable and payable balances at September 30, 2017.

Interfund Transfers. Transfers between funds are indicative of funding for capital projects; lease payments or debt service; subsidies of various County operations; and re-allocations of special revenues. The following schedule summarizes the County's transfers at September 30, 2017:

	Tr	ansfers	Transfers		
Fund		In		Out	
General	\$	-	\$	(698,472)	
Road and bridge precinct no. 1		179,610		-	
Road and bridge precinct no. 2		93,760		(71,133)	
Road and bridge precinct no. 3		234,644		-	
Road and bridge precinct no. 4		260,091		-	
Nonmajor special revenue funds					
DA seized funds		1,500		_	
Totals	<u>\$</u>	769,605	\$	(769,605)	

Defined Benefit Pension Plan

Plan Description. Trinity County participates as one of 677 plans in the non-traditional defined benefit plan in the statewide Texas County and District Retirement System ("TCDRS"). The Board of Trustees of TCDRS is responsible for the administration of the statewide agent multiple-employer public employee retirement system. TCDRS in the aggregate issues a comprehensive annual financial report ("CAFR") on a calendar year basis. The CAFR is available online at www.tcdrs.org.

Benefits Provided. The County provides retirement benefits for all of its full-time employees. TCDRS is a savings-based plan. For the County's plan, 7% of each employee's pay is deposited into his or her TCDRS account. By law, employee accounts earn 7% interest on beginning of year balances annually. At retirement, the account is matched at an employer set percentage (current match is 150%) and is then converted to an annuity. There are no automatic cost of living adjustments. The plan provisions are adopted by the governing body of the County, within the options available in the Texas state statutes governing TCDRS.

Members can retire at ages 60 and above with 8 or more years of service, with 20 years of service regardless of age, or when the sum of their age and years of service equals 75 or more. Members are vested after eight years of service but must leave their accumulated contributions in the plan to receive any employer-financed benefit. Members who withdraw their personal contributions in a lump sum are not entitled to any amounts contributed by the County.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms. At the December 31, 2016 valuation and measurement date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	66
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	112
Active employees	92
	270

Contributions and Actuarial Information. The plan is funded by monthly contributions from both employee members and the County based on the covered payroll of employee members. The contribution rates for employees in TCDRS are either 4%, 5%, 6%, or 7% of employee gross earnings. The employee contribution rate may be changed by the County, within the options available in the TCDRS Act. Under the TCDRS Act, the contribution rate of the County is actuarially determined annually, and the employer is required to contribute at that rate. The employer may increase its contribution rate and/or make additional contributions in excess of its annual required contribution.

The County has not elected the annually determined contribution rate ("ADCR") plan provisions of the TCDRS Act. The County contributed using the actuarially determined rate of 10.25% for calendar year 2016 and 9.29% for calendar year 2017. The contribution rate payable by the employee members for fiscal year 2017 is the rate of 7.00% as adopted by the County. For fiscal year 2017, the County's required contributions equaled actual contributions which totaled \$225,969.

The County's Net Pension Liability/Asset ("NPL") was measured as of December 31, 2016, and the Total Pension Liability ("TPL") used to calculate the NPL was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Actuarial Assumptions. The required contribution was determined as part of the December 31, 2016, actuarial valuation using the entry age actuarial cost method. The actuarial assumptions at December 31, 2016, included (a) 8.0% investment rate of return (net of administrative expenses), and (b) projected salary increases of 4.9 percent. Both (a) and (b) included an inflation component of 3.0 percent. The actuarial value of assets was determined using techniques that spread the effects of short-term volatility in the market value of investments over a five-year period. The total pension liability is being amortized as a level percentage of payroll on a closed basis. The remaining amortization period at December 31, 2016, was 12.4 years.

Salary increases were based on a service-related table. Mortality rates for active members were based on the gender-distinct RP2000 Active Employee Mortality Table, with males calculated with a two-year set-forward, and with females calculated with a four-year setback, both projected to 2014 with scale AA and then projected with 110% of the MP-2014 Ultimate scale after that. Mortality rates for retirees, beneficiaries, and non-depositing members were based on the gender-distinct RP2000 Combined Mortality Table projected to 2014 with scale AA, and then projected with 110% of the MP-2014 Ultimate scale after that, with males calculated with a one-year set-forward, and with females calculated with no age adjustment. For disabled annuitants, the gender-distinct RP2000 Disabled Mortality Table is used, projected to 2014 with scale AA, and then projected with 110% of the MP-2014 Ultimate scale after that, with no age adjustment for males and with a two-year set-forward for females.

Updated mortality assumptions were adopted in 2015. All other actuarial assumptions that determined the total pension liability as of December 31, 2016 valuation were based on the results of actuarial experience studies. The experience study in TCDRS was for the period January 1, 2009 through December 31, 2012, except where required to be different by GASB 68. Assumptions are reviewed annually.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments is 8.10%. The long-term expected rate of return on TCDRS assets is determined by adding expected inflation to expected long-term real returns, and reflecting expected volatility and correlation. The capital market assumptions and information shown below are provided by TCDRS' investment consultant, Cliffwater LLC. The numbers shown are based on January 2017 information for a 7 to 10-year time horizon.

The valuation assumption for long-term expected return is re-assessed at a minimum of every four years, and is set based on a 30-year time horizon; the most recent analysis was performed in 2013 for the period January 1, 2009 - December 31, 2012. The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

I on a torm

		Long-term
		Expected Real
	Target	Rate of Return
Asset Class:	Allocation	(Geometric)
US equities	13.5%	4.70%
Private equity	16.0%	7.70%
Global equities	1.5%	5.00%
International equities - developed	10.0%	4.70%
International equities - emerging	7.0%	5.70%
Investment-grade bonds	3.0%	0.60%
High-yield bonds	3.0%	3.70%
Opportunistic credit	2.0%	3.83%
Direct lending	10.0%	8.15%
Distressed debt	3.0%	6.70%
REIT equities	2.0%	3.85%
Master limited partnerships	3.0%	5.60%
Private real estate partnerships	6.0%	7.20%
Hedge funds	20.0%	3.85%
Total	100.0%	

Discount Rate. The discount rate used to measure the Total Pension Liability was 8.10%, which is net of investment expenses and increased by 0.10% to be gross of administrative expenses. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee and employer contributions will be made at the rates specified in statute. Based on that assumption, the pension plan's Fiduciary Net Position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the Total Pension Liability.

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Changes in the Net Pension Liability/Asset. A schedule of changes in net pension liability/asset is as follows:

	Increase (Decrease)								
	Total Pension Pl			nn Fiduciary Net Position (b)		let Pension bility (Asset) (a) - (b)			
Balance at 12/31/2015	\$	9,091,063	\$	8,309,100	\$	781,963			
Changes for the year:									
Service cost		268,757		-		268,757			
Interest on total pension liability		723,589		-		723,589			
Effect of plan changes		-		-		-			
Change of assumptions		-		-		-			
Effect of economic/demographic (gains) or losses		(57,029)		-		(57,029)			
Refund of contributions		(54,044)		(54,044)		-			
Benefit payments		(536,703)		(536,703)		-			
Administrative expenses		-		(6,672)		6,672			
Employer contributions		-		239,138		(239,138)			
Member contributions		-		163,314		(163,314)			
Net investment income		-		613,758		(613,758)			
Other				<u>(79,485</u>)		79,485			
Net changes	_	344,570		339,306		5,264			
Balance at 12/31/2016	\$	9,435,633	\$	8,648,406	\$	787,227			

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability/Asset to Changes in the Discount Rate. The following presents the net pension liability/asset of the County, calculated using the discount rate of 8.1%, as well as what the County's net pension liability/asset would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (7.1%) or 1-percentage-point higher (9.1%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease in	1% Increase in	
	Discount Rate Dis	scount Rate	Discount Rate
	(7.1%)	(8.1%)	(9.1%)
Total pension liability	\$ 10,422,806 \$	9,435,631	\$ 8,599,046
Fiduciary net position	8,648,404	8,648,404	8,648,404
Net pension liability (asset)	<u>\$ 1,774,402 </u>	787,227	<u>\$ (49,358)</u>

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions. For the year ended September 30, 2017, the County recognized net pension (benefit) expense of \$358,187. Net pension (benefit) expense was charged to functions/programs as follows:

Function/program	Activities
General government	\$ 90,314
Judicial	73,475
Road and bridge	83,767
Public safety	106,433
Health and welfare	4,198
Total	<u>\$ 358,187</u>

At September 30, 2017, the County reported deferred amounts related to pension from the following sources:

	Outf	ferred lows of sources	In	Deferred flows of esources
Differences between expected and actual economic experience	\$	_	\$	(88,204)
Difference between projected and actual investment earnings		417,674		-
Changes in actuarial assumptions		32,142		-
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date		168,900		
Totals, governmental activities	\$	618,716	\$	(88,204)

The amount reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date totaling \$168,900, will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability/asset for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2018. Amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

		Deferred	D	eferred	
	O	utflows of	In	flows of	
Plan Year ended December 31,	<u></u> F	Resources	Re	esources	Net
2016	\$	343,229	\$	(69,194) \$	274,035
2017		142,185		(19,010)	123,175
2018		123,626		-	123,626
2019		9,676			9,676
Total	\$	618,716	\$	(88,204) \$	530,512

OTHER INFORMATION

Risk Management

The County is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions, injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The County provides insurance coverage for each of these risks. Management believes such coverage is sufficient to preclude any significant uninsured losses to the County. Settled claims did not exceed this coverage during the current year.

Contingent Liabilities

All amounts received or receivable from grant agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by the granting agency. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may be required to be repaid to the granting agency. The amount, if any, of expenditures that may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time, although the County expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

Subsequent Events

Management has evaluated subsequent events through February 26, 2018, the date when the financial statements were available to be issued.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (UNAUDITED)

TRINITY COUNTY, TEXAS SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2017

	Original	Final	Actual Amounts			Variances
	Adopted	Appropriated	Fund		Budgetary	Fav (Unfav)
	Budget	Budget	Basis	Adjustments	Basis	Final to Actual
REVENUES						
Property taxes	\$ 4,849,683	\$ 4,849,683	\$ 4,775,589	\$ -	\$ 4,775,589	\$ (74,094)
Fines and forfeitures	150,000	150,000	194,286	-	194,286	44,286
Fees, licenses, and permits	306,192	306,192	289,107	_	289,107	(17,085)
Intergovernmental revenue and grants	171,700	270,388	232,657	_	232,657	(37,731)
Contributions and donations	-	2,000	14,814	-	14,814	12,814
Payment in lieu of taxes	25,000	25,000	24,865	-	24,865	(135)
Investment earnings	6,500	6,500	1,814	-	1,814	(4,686)
Other revenue	8,058	8,058	38,772	_	38,772	30,714
Total revenues	5,517,133	5,617,821	5,571,904	-	5,571,904	(45,917)
EXPENDITURES						<u> </u>
General government						
County judge	148,928	148,928	147,957	-	147,957	971
County clerk	118,177	118,177	114,461	-	114,461	3,716
Elections administrator	49,563	64,516	62,261	-	62,261	2,255
County auditor	111,460	111,460	102,184	-	102,184	9,276
County treasurer	73,701	83,451	78,163	-	78,163	5,288
Data processing	85,200	85,200	36,219	49,760		(779)
Tax assessor-collector	182,984	182,984	186,774	-	186,774	(3,790)
Veterans office	16,422	16,422	14,810	-	14,810	1,612
Courthouse maintenance	213,639	173,639	184,737	-	184,737	(11,098)
County agent	42,700	42,700	42,105	-	42,105	595
County insurance	577,000	577,000	535,577	-	535,577	41,423
Non-departmental	411,988	366,374	313,884	-	313,884	52,490
Fringe benefits	57,000	57,000	57,214	-	57,214	(214)
Courthouse miscellaneous	110,000	100,250	62,881	-	62,881	37,369
Community center	_	_	1,945	-	1,945	(1,945)
TCSO Pig Bash	_	_	3,244	-	3,244	(3,244)
Total general government	2,198,762	2,128,101	1,944,416	49,760	1,994,176	133,925
Judicial	2,170,702	2,120,101	1,,,,,,10	45,700	1,224,170	133,723
County court	26,450	26,450	29,988	-	29,988	(3,538)
District court	214,401	214,401	179,541	-	179,541	34,860
District clerk	81,730	91,530	86,528	-	86,528	5,002
County attorney - county portion	94,786	104,535	100,174	-	100,174	4,361
County attorney - state portion	87,033	87,033	81,240	-	81,240	5,793
District attorney - county portion	91,534	91,534	87,747	_	87,747	3,787
District attorney - state portion	27,500	27,500	22,517	-	22,517	4,983
Justice of the peace, Pct No. 1	58,765	58,765	58,780	-	58,780	(15)
Justice of the peace, Pct No. 2	60,115	60,115	58,109	_	58,109	2,006
Justice of the peace, Pct No. 3	59,465	59,465	57,911	-	57,911	1,554
Justice of the peace, Pct No. 4	60,321	60,321	58,163	-	58,163	2,158
Total judicial	862,100	881,649	820,698		820,698	60,951
Public safety	, , , , ,	,	,		,	,
County judge	_	_	16	-	16	(16)
911 / emergency management	36,599	36,599	27,647	_	27,647	8,952
Public safety	92,832	92,832	90,703	6,525		(4,396)
Sheriff department	611,562	664,522	652,664		652,664	11,858
Jail	586,369	538,409	541,552	-	541,552	(3,143)
Constable, Pct No. 1	20,784	41,384	24,799	-	24,799	16,585
Constable, Pct No. 2	32,522	29,522	27,416	-	27,416	2,106
	•	•			•	•

TRINITY COUNTY, TEXAS SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL

GENERAL FUND

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2017 (CONTINUED)

	Original	Final	Actual Amounts			Variances
	Adopted	Appropriated	Fund		Budgetary	Fav (Unfav)
	Budget	Budget	Basis	Adjustments	Basis	Final to Actual
Public safety - continued						
Constable, Pct No. 3	34,022	34,022	28,705	-	28,705	5,317
Constable, Pct No. 4	33,009	33,009	28,883	-	28,883	4,126
Total public safety	1,447,699	1,470,299	1,422,385	6,525	1,428,910	41,389
Road and bridge						
Commissioners			2,000		2,000	(2,000)
Total road and bridge	-	-	2,000	-	2,000	(2,000)
Health and welfare						
County judge	13,600	13,600	13,148	-	13,148	452
Civic improvements	56,000	26,000	28,988	-	28,988	(2,988)
DSHS health project	-	83,735	41,550	-	41,550	42,185
Health and welfare	216,000	216,000	100,745		100,745	115,255
Total health and welfare	285,600	339,335	184,431	-	184,431	154,904
Capital outlay						
Sheriff department	-	25,014	98,412	(43,153) a	a 55,259	(30,245)
Data processing	-	-	49,760	(49,760) a	a -	-
District Attorney	-	-	7,500	-	7,500	(7,500)
Environmental enforcement	-	-	6,525	(6,525) a	a -	-
Civic improvements	-	30,000	15,000	-	15,000	15,000
Courthouse maintenance		40,000	18,382		18,382	21,618
Total capital outlay	-	95,014	195,579	(99,438)	96,141	(1,127)
Debt service						
Principal	100,000	100,000	45,857	43,153	a 89,010	10,990
Interest			1,982		1,982	(1,982)
Total expenditures	4,894,161	5,014,398	4,617,348		4,617,348	397,050
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES						
OVER EXPENDITURES	622,972	603,423	954,556	-	954,556	351,133
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Sale of real and personal property	_	_	2,937	_	2,937	2,937
Proceeds from notes/capital leases	-	_	42,753	-	42,753	42,753
Transfers in	9,000	28,549	-	-	-	(28,549)
Transfers out	(631,972)	(631,972)	(698,472)	-	(698,472)	(66,500)
Net other financing sources (uses)	(622,972)	(603,423)	(652,782)		(652,782)	(49,359)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	-	-	301,774	-	301,774	301,774
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR	718,013	718,013	718,013		718,013	
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$ 718,013	\$ 718,013	\$ 1,019,787	\$ -	\$ 1,019,787	\$ 301,774

Notes: Adjustments from fund basis to budgetary basis consist of the following:

a - Expense reclassification (capital purchase coded as other expenditure)

TRINITY COUNTY, TEXAS SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE

ROAD AND BRIDGE PRECINCT NO. 1 FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2017

BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	Original Final _				Actual Amounts						Variances		
	A	Adopted Budget		propriated Budget		Fund Basis Adjus		Adjustments		Budgetary Basis		v (Unfav) al to Actual	
REVENUES													
Property taxes	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	
Fines and forfeitures		-		-		-		-		-		-	
Fees, licenses, and permits		155,196		155,196		123,233		-		123,233		(31,963)	
Intergovernmental revenue and grants		43,914		43,914		5,592		-		5,592		(38,322)	
Contributions and donations		-		-		-		-		-		-	
Payment in lieu of taxes		-		-		-		-		-		- (0.07)	
Investment earnings		950		950		43		-		43		(907)	
Other revenue		-	_	-	_	-			_	-		-	
Total revenues		200,060		200,060	_	128,868			_	128,868		(71,192)	
EXPENDITURES													
General government		-		-		-		-		-		-	
Judicial		-		-		-		-		-		-	
Public safety		-		-		-		-		-		-	
Road and bridge		433,387		262,220		320,417		(2,500) a	ì	317,917		(55,697)	
Health and welfare		-		-		-		-		-		-	
Capital outlay		-		16,167		285,874		2,500 a	ì	288,374		(272,207)	
Debt service													
Principal		46,627		206,627		13,565		-		13,565		193,062	
Interest		10,515		10,515	_	5,816				5,816		4,699	
Total expenditures		490,529		495,529	_	625,672				625,672		(130,143)	
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES													
OVER EXPENDITURES		(290,469)		(295,469)		(496,804)				(496,804)		(201,335)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)													
Sale of real and personal property		127,760		127,760		47,369		_		47,369		(80,391)	
Proceeds from notes/capital leases		-		-		280,291		-		280,291		280,291	
Transfers in		162,709		167,709		179,610		-		179,610		11,901	
Transfers out										-			
Net other financing sources (uses)		290,469		295,469	_	507,270		-		507,270		211,801	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		-		-		10,466		-		10,466		10,466	
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR		2,688		2,688	_	2,688			_	2,688			
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$	2,688	\$	2,688	\$	13,154	\$		\$	13,154	\$	10,466	

Notes: Adjustments from fund basis to budgetary basis consist of the following:

a - Expense reclassification (capital purchase coded as other expenditure)

TRINITY COUNTY, TEXAS SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE

ROAD AND BRIDGE PRECINCT NO. 2 FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2017

BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	Original Final			Final		Actual Amounts						Variances		
	Adopted		Appropriated			Fund			Budgetary		Fav (Unfav)			
	_	Budget		Budget		Basis	Adj	justments		Basis	Final to Actual			
REVENUES														
Property taxes	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-		
Fines and forfeitures		-		-		-		-		-		-		
Fees, licenses, and permits		59,690		59,690		47,397		-		47,397		(12,293)		
Intergovernmental revenue and grants		51,752		51,752		31,212		-		31,212		(20,540)		
Contributions and donations		-		-		-		-		-		-		
Payment in lieu of taxes		-		-		-		-		-		-		
Investment earnings		100		100		130		-		130		30		
Other revenue			_		_	208				208		208		
Total revenues	_	111,542		111,542	_	78,947				78,947		(32,595)		
EXPENDITURES														
General government		-		-		-		-		-		-		
Judicial		-		-		-		-		-		-		
Public safety		-		-		-		-		-		-		
Road and bridge		91,740		126,602		109,379		-		109,379		17,223		
Health and welfare		-		-		-		-		-		-		
Capital outlay		5,000		5,000		-		-		-		5,000		
Debt service														
Principal		-		-		-		-		-		-		
Interest			_		_			_						
Total expenditures		96,740		131,602	_	109,379				109,379		22,223		
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES														
OVER EXPENDITURES		14,802	_	(20,060)	_	(30,432)				(30,432)		(10,372)		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)														
Sale of real and personal property		-		-		-		-		-		-		
Proceeds from notes/capital leases		-		-		-		-		-		-		
Transfers in		87,260		87,260		93,760		-		93,760		6,500		
Transfers out		(67,200)		(67,200)		(71,133)		-		(71,133)		(3,933)		
Net other financing sources (uses)		20,060		20,060		22,627		-		22,627		2,567		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		34,862		_		(7,805)		-		(7,805)		(7,805)		
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR	_	67,986		67,986		67,986				67,986				
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$	102,848	\$	67,986	\$	60,181	\$		\$	60,181	\$	(7,805)		

TRINITY COUNTY, TEXAS SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE

ROAD AND BRIDGE PRECINCT NO. 3 FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2017

BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	Original Adopted Budget		Final Appropriated Budget				Variances					
						Fund	Adjustments		Budgetary Basis		Fav (Unfav) Final to Actual	
						Basis						
REVENUES												
Property taxes	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Fines and forfeitures		-		-		-		-		-		- (20.25.6)
Fees, licenses, and permits		137,289		137,289		109,013		-		109,013		(28,276)
Intergovernmental revenue and grants		38,847		38,847		4,947		-		4,947		(33,900)
Contributions and donations		-		-		-		-		-		-
Payment in lieu of taxes		1 000		1,000		- 219		-		219		(791)
Investment earnings Other revenue		1,000		,		11,094		-		11,094		(781) 11,094
Total revenues		177,136		177,136	_	125,273				125,273		(51,863)
EXPENDITURES		177,130	_	177,130	_	123,273			_	123,273	-	(31,003)
General government												
Judicial		-		-		-		-		-		-
Public safety		_		-		_		_		_		-
Road and bridge		438,740		269,772		357,172		_		357,172		(87,400)
Health and welfare		-		-		-		_		-		(07,400)
Capital outlay		15,000		33,850		123,569		_		123,569		(89,719)
Debt service		,		,		,				,		(02,1.22)
Principal		39,516		208,484		24,683		-		24,683		183,801
Interest		5,641		5,641		2,474		-		2,474		3,167
Total expenditures		498,897		517,747		507,898		-		507,898		9,849
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES												
OVER EXPENDITURES	((321,761)		(340,611)	_	(382,625)				(382,625)		(42,014)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)												
Sale of real and personal property		106,000		106,000		15,750		_		15,750		(90,250)
Proceeds from notes/capital leases		-		-		112,795		-		112,795		112,795
Transfers in		215,761		234,611		234,644		-		234,644		33
Transfers out		-		-		-		-		-		-
Net other financing sources (uses)		321,761		340,611		363,189		-		363,189		22,578
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		-		-		(19,436)		-		(19,436)		(19,436)
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR		77,301		77,301		77,301		_		77,301		
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$	77,301	\$	77,301	\$	57,865	\$	-	\$	57,865	\$	(19,436)

TRINITY COUNTY, TEXAS SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE

ROAD AND BRIDGE PRECINCT NO. 4 FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2017

BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	Original Adopted Budget		Final Appropriated Budget				Variances					
					_	Fund Basis	Adjustments		Budgetary Basis		Fav (Unfav) Final to Actual	
REVENUES												
Property taxes	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Fines and forfeitures		-		-		-		-		-		-
Fees, licenses, and permits		244,731		244,731		194,328		-		194,328		(50,403)
Intergovernmental revenue and grants		69,249		69,249		8,819		-		8,819		(60,430)
Contributions and donations		-		-		-		-		-		-
Payment in lieu of taxes		-		-		-		-		-		-
Investment earnings		1,000		1,000		130		-		130		(870)
Other revenue			_		_	587			_	587		587
Total revenues		314,980		314,980	_	203,864				203,864		(111,116)
EXPENDITURES												
General government		-		-		-		-		-		-
Judicial		-		-		-		-		-		-
Public safety		-		-		-		-		-		-
Road and bridge		628,021		424,677		459,918		-		459,918		(35,241)
Health and welfare		-		-		-		-		-		-
Capital outlay		-		52,920		139,255		-		139,255		(86,335)
Debt service		10.220		201 672		5 222				5 222		216 240
Principal		18,328		221,672		5,323		-		5,323		216,349
Interest		8,072	_	8,072	_	3,077			_	3,077		4,995
Total expenditures	_	654,421		707,341	_	607,573			_	607,573		99,768
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES												
OVER EXPENDITURES		(339,441)		(392,361)	_	(403,709)		-		(403,709)		(11,348)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)												
Sale of real and personal property		106,000		106,000		17,169		-		17,169		(88,831)
Proceeds from notes/capital leases		-		-		112,795		-		112,795		112,795
Transfers in		233,441		286,361		260,091		-		260,091		(26,270)
Transfers out		-		-	_	-		-		-		
Net other financing sources (uses)		339,441	_	392,361	_	390,055				390,055		(2,306)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		-		-		(13,654)		-		(13,654)		(13,654)
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR		83,720		83,720	_	83,720				83,720		
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$	83,720	\$	83,720	\$	70,066	\$	_	\$	70,066	\$	(13,654)

TRINITY COUNTY, TEXAS SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY (ASSET) AND RELATED RATIOS - LAST TEN YEARS * FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2017

			, **				
			2016		2015		2014
TOTAL PENSION LIABILITY Service cost Interest on total pension liability		\$	268,757 723,589	\$	242,989 700,690	\$	234,680 649,068
Effect of plan changes Effect of assumption changes or inputs			-		(18,062) 96,428		- -
Effect of economic/demographic (gains) or losses Benefit payments/refunds of contributions			(57,029) (590,747)		(150,552) (536,307)		213,927 (470,681)
NET CHANGE IN TOTAL PENSION LIABILITY			344,570		335,186		626,994
TOTAL PENSION LIABILITY - BEGINNING			9,091,063		8,755,877		8,128,883
TOTAL PENSION LIABILITY - ENDING	(a)	\$	9,435,633	\$	9,091,063	\$	8,755,877
PLAN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION Employer contributions		\$	239,138	\$	217,163	\$	204,818
Member contributions			163,314		152,167		140,838
Investment income, net of investment expenses			613,758		111,782		553,575
Benefit payments/refunds of contributions			(590,747)		(536,307)		(470,681)
Administrative expenses			(6,672)		(6,031)		(6,294)
Other		_	(79,485)	_	(106,036)	_	171,667
NET CHANGE IN PLAN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION			339,306		(167,262)		593,923
PLAN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION - BEGINNING		_	8,309,100		8,476,362		7,882,439
PLAN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION - ENDING	(b)	\$	8,648,406	\$	8,309,100	\$	8,476,362
NET PENSION LIABILITY (ASSET) - ENDING	(a - b)	\$	787,227	\$	781,963	\$	279,515
RELATED RATIOS							
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a percentage of Total Pension Liability			91.66%		91.40%		96.81%
Pensionable Covered Payroll		\$	2,333,055	\$	2,173,808	\$	2,011,972
Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a percentage of Covered Payroll			33.74%		35.97%		13.89%

^{* -} GASB 68 requires ten years of data to be presented. Data for only three years are available.

^{** -} In accordance with GASB standards, the County has elected to present data calculated at the actuarial valuation/measurement date, which occurs on December 31 of the year preceding each fiscal year.

TRINITY COUNTY, TEXAS SCHEDULE OF PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS* FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2017

Fiscal	A	ctuarially	1	Actual	Contribution	n	Pe	nsionable	Actual Contribution		
Year Ending	De	etermined	Er	nployer	Deficiency	(Covered	as a % of Covered			
September 30	Co	ntribution	Cor	ntribution	(Excess)		Payroll		Payroll		
2015	\$	213,685	\$	213,685		-	\$	2,128,267	10.0%		
2016		235,191		235,191		-		2,308,030	10.2%		
2017		225,969		225,969		-		2,374,849	9.5%		

^{* -} GASB 68 requires ten years of data to be presented. Data for only three years are available.

TRINITY COUNTY, TEXAS NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS SEPTEMBER 30, 2017

Valuation Date

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of December 31, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which the contributions are reported.

Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine Contribution Rates

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age

Amortization Method Level percentage of payroll, Closed

Amortization Period 12.4 years

Asset Valuation Method 5-year smoothed market

Inflation 3.0%

Salary Increases 4.9% average over career including inflation, varies by age and service.

Investment Rate of Return 8.0%, net of investment expenses, including inflation

Cost-of-Living Adjustments 0.0%

Retirement Age Members who are eligible for service retirement are assumed to commence

receiving benefit payments based on age. The average age at service

retirement for recent retirees is 61.

Mortality In the 2015 actuarial valuation, assumed life expectancies were adjusted as a

result of adopting a new projection scale (110% of the MP-2014 Ultimate Scale) for 2014 and later. Previously, Scale AA had been used. The base

table is the RP-2000 table projected with Scale AA to 2014.

Other Information

No changes in plan provisions are reflected in the Schedule of Pension

Contributions.

Presentation of Schedule

In accordance with GASB standards, the District reports contribution activity

included in the Schedule of Pension Contributions based on the District's

fiscal year end of September 30.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

COMBINING FUND STATEMENTS

TRINITY COUNTY, TEXAS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2017

	 Debt Service Fund		Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds		
ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalents Receivables	\$ 175,577	\$	341,303	\$	516,880	
Property taxes, net of allowance for uncollectibles	11,964		_		11,964	
Grants	-		-		-	
Other	-		-		-	
Due from other funds	 					
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 187,541	\$	341,303	\$	528,844	
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES						
Liabilities:						
Accounts payable	\$ -	\$	988	\$	988	
Accrued expenses	-		2,059		2,059	
Due to other funds	 	-			-	
Total liabilities	 		3,047		3,047	
Deferred inflows of resources:						
Unavailable revenue - property taxes	 9,776				9,776	
Total deferred inflows of resources	 9,776				9,776	
Fund balances:						
Restricted	177,765		275,199		452,964	
Assigned	 _		63,057		63,057	
Total fund balances	 177,765		338,256		516,021	
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS						
OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES	\$ 187,541	\$	341,303	\$	528,844	

TRINITY COUNTY, TEXAS

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2017

	 Debt Service Fund	Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	Total Nonmajor Governmenta Funds		
REVENUES					
Property taxes	\$ 261,792	\$ -	\$	261,792	
Fines and forfeitures	-	14,988		14,988	
Fees, licenses, and permits	-	121,898		121,898	
Intergovernmental revenue and grants	-	46,498		46,498	
Contributions and donations from private sources	-	-		-	
Investment earnings	256	338		594	
Other revenue	 	 6,561		6,561	
Total revenues	 262,048	 190,283		452,331	
EXPENDITURES					
General government	-	64,165		64,165	
Judicial	-	10,234		10,234	
Public safety	-	15,435		15,435	
Road and bridge	-	-		-	
Health and welfare	-	15,939		15,939	
Pass-through expenditures	-	29,354		29,354	
Capital outlay	-	14,084		14,084	
Debt service					
Principal	180,000	-		180,000	
Interest	 32,824			32,824	
Total expenditures	 212,824	 149,211		362,035	
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES					
OVER EXPENDITURES	 49,224	 41,072		90,296	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Sale of real and personal property	-	-		-	
Transfers in	-	1,500		1,500	
Transfers out (use)	 -	 _			
Net other financing sources (uses)	-	1,500		1,500	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	49,224	42,572		91,796	
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR	 128,541	 295,684		424,225	
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$ 177,765	\$ 338,256	\$	516,021	

TRINITY COUNTY, TEXAS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2017

	Records Management			Law Library		Security Fee		Family Preservation	
ASSETS	Φ.	120.046	Ф	20.155	Φ.	22.250	Φ.	704	
Cash and cash equivalents Receivables	\$	128,846	\$	20,155	\$	33,350	\$	784	
Grants		_		_		_		_	
Other		_		-		_		_	
Due from other funds	-	_		_		_			
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	128,846	\$	20,155	\$	33,350	\$	784	
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES									
Liabilities:									
Accounts payable	\$	589	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	
Accrued expenses		718		-		-		-	
Due to other funds								-	
Total liabilities		1,307							
Fund balances:									
Restricted		127,539		20,155		33,350		-	
Assigned		-		-				784	
Total fund balances		127,539		20,155		33,350		784	
TOTAL LIABILITIES									
AND FUND BALANCES	\$	128,846	\$	20,155	\$	33,350	\$	784	

G : 1	.		G.	**	. 10 5 . 1				
Seized	Jury		Court	Crime		LEOSE	Hotel/Motel		
 Funds	 Service	Tec	chnology	 Funds	E	ducation		Tax	
\$ 52,623	\$ 3,493	\$	2,633	\$ 7,710	\$	24,778	\$	12,175	
-	-		-	-		-		-	
 	 			 				-	
\$ 52,623	\$ 3,493	\$	2,633	\$ 7,710	\$	24,778	\$	12,175	
\$ 24 136	\$ - 939	\$	375 -	\$ - -	\$	- -	\$	- 266	
 _	 			 					
 160	 939		375	 				266	
52,463	-		2,258	-		24,778		11,909	
 -	 2,554		-	 7,710		_		-	
52,463	 2,554		2,258	7,710		24,778		11,909	
\$ 52,623	\$ 3,493	\$	2,633	\$ 7,710	\$	24,778	\$	12,175	

continued

TRINITY COUNTY, TEXAS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2017 (CONTINUED)

	Airport		Courthouse Preservation		Grant Funds		Total Jonmajor ial Revenue Funds
ASSETS							
Cash and cash equivalents Receivables	\$	2,747	\$	36,929	\$	15,080	\$ 341,303
Grants		-		-		-	-
Other		-		-		-	-
Due from other funds							
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	2,747	\$	36,929	\$	15,080	\$ 341,303
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES							
Liabilities:							
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 988
Accrued expenses		-		-		-	2,059
Due to other funds							
Total liabilities							 3,047
Fund balances:							
Restricted		2,747		-		-	275,199
Assigned				36,929		15,080	 63,057
Total fund balances		2,747		36,929		15,080	 338,256
TOTAL LIABILITIES							
AND FUND BALANCES	\$	2,747	\$	36,929	\$	15,080	\$ 341,303

TRINITY COUNTY, TEXAS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2017

	Records anagement	 Law Library	Security Fee		Family Preservation	
REVENUES						
Fines and forfeitures	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	
Fees, licenses, and permits	80,810	8,475	9,870		750	
Intergovernmental revenue and grants	-	-	-		-	
Investment earnings	107	20	30		4	
Other revenue	 	 	 			
Total revenues	 80,917	 8,495	 9,900		754	
EXPENDITURES						
General government	64,165	-	-		-	
Judicial	-	6,145	-		-	
Public safety	-	-	-		-	
Road and bridge	-	-	-		-	
Health and welfare	-	-	-		-	
Pass-through expenditures	-	-	-		-	
Capital outlay	 	 	 		-	
Total expenditures	 64,165	 6,145	 			
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES						
OVER EXPENDITURES	 16,752	 2,350	9,900		754	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers in	-	-	-		-	
Transfers out (use)	 	 	 -		_	
Net other financing sources (uses)	-	-	-		-	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	16,752	2,350	9,900		754	
FUND BALANCE - BEG. OF YEAR	 110,787	 17,805	 23,450		30	
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$ 127,539	\$ 20,155	\$ 33,350	\$	784	

Seized Funds		S	Jury Service		Court Technology		pecial Crime Funds	EOSE	Hotel/Motel Tax		
\$	14,988	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$ _	\$	-	
	-		1,076		4,927		-	-		15,990	
	-		-		-		-	4,086		-	
	48		2		2		7	24		10	
	6,561							 			
	21,597		1,078		4,929		7	 4,110		16,000	
	_		_		_		_	_		_	
	_		_		4,089		_	_		_	
	13,445		-		-		-	1,990		-	
	-		-		-		-	-		-	
	-		-		-		-	-		15,939	
	-		-		-		-	-		-	
	1,585							 			
	15,030				4,089			 1,990		15,939	
	6,567		1,078		840		7	 2,120		61	
	1,500		_		-		_	_		_	
	_										
	1,500		-		-		-	-		-	
	8,067		1,078		840		7	2,120		61	
	44,396		1,476		1,418		7,703	 22,658		11,848	
\$	52,463	\$	2,554	\$	2,258	\$	7,710	\$ 24,778	\$	11,909	

continued

TRINITY COUNTY, TEXAS

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2017 (CONTINUED)

							N	Total Ionmajor
	Airport		Courthouse Preservation		Grant Funds		Spec	cial Revenue Funds
REVENUES								
Fines and forfeitures	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	14,988
Fees, licenses, and permits		-		-		-		121,898
Intergovernmental revenue and grants		348		-		42,064		46,498
Investment earnings		3		75		6		338
Other revenue				_				6,561
Total revenues		351		75		42,070		190,283
EXPENDITURES								
General government		-		-		-		64,165
Judicial		-		-		-		10,234
Public safety		-		-		-		15,435
Road and bridge		-		-		-		-
Health and welfare		-		-		-		15,939
Pass-through expenditures		-		-		29,354		29,354
Capital outlay		-		-		12,499		14,084
Total expenditures						41,853		149,211
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES								
OVER EXPENDITURES		351		75		217		41,072
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers in		-		-		-		1,500
Transfers out (use)								
Net other financing sources (uses)		-		-		-		1,500
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		351		75		217		42,572
FUND BALANCE - BEG. OF YEAR		2,396		36,854		14,863		295,684
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$	2,747	\$	36,929	\$	15,080	\$	338,256

COMPLIANCE SECTION

Todd, Hamaker & Johnson, LLP

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Honorable County Judge and Members of the Commissioners' Court Trinity County, Texas

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Trinity County, Texas (the "County"), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Trinity County, Texas' basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated February 26, 2018.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the County's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. We did identify certain deficiencies in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs (findings 2017-001 and 2017-002) that we consider to be significant deficiencies.

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS – CONTINUED

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Trinity County, Texas' financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Trinity County, Texas' Response to Findings

Trinity County, Texas' response to the findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Trinity County's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Todd, Hamaker & Johnson, LLP

Todd, Hamaker & Johnson, LLP Lufkin, Texas

February 26, 2018

TRINITY COUNTY, TEXAS SCHEDULE OF AUDIT FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2017

Financial Statements Audit Findings

<u>2017-001</u> Significant Deficiency: Fines Receivable From prior year finding, 2016-001, with updated status

Condition. The JP offices were unable to produce reports detailing the amount of fines outstanding at year end. It is speculated that the reports were unavailable because they should have been generated at each month end and could not be reproduced after the fact.

Criteria or Specific Requirements. These reports track fines assessed, collected and/or adjusted, as well as the outstanding balances for each JP's office. Collections are reviewed each month by the County Auditor. However, these reports are needed at year end to adjust the receivable balances.

Effect. Possible fraud, theft, or misappropriation of funds; inaccurate reporting; decreased collections.

Recommendation. We recommend that the County Auditor establish a procedure to ensure that all activity relating to fines receivable be tracked each month and that reports supporting the amounts are available.

Updated status. New JP court management software was approved and purchased. The County used the "old" JP software from October 1, 2016 to June 30, 2017. The new system went live in July, 2017.

While the system is functioning on a "go-forward" basis, a complete verification/reconciliation that all balances from the old system have been moved to the new system has not been established. Additionally, the software vendor has not been able to provide reports that clearly provide the detail needed to track the increases/decreases in the receivables balances from one date to another (i.e. beginning of the month).

Management has provided for a 97% uncollectible rate on the fines receivable balances reported in the financial statements.

View of responsible officials and corrective action. Management agrees with the recommendation. The new JP software system was fully operational in July 2017 and the JP offices had a limited amount of time to reconcile and enter old cases into the new system before the end of the 2017 fiscal year. The JP offices are still entering old cases into the new software system. The County Auditor will be instructing JP offices to complete entries of outstanding cases by May, 2018.

The Auditor's Office is in the process of establishing a new internal tracking system to capture monthly, quarterly and year-end balances for comparison to software generated reports and will be working with the new software vendor to obtain reports required to provide additional detail information needed to track the fines assessed collected and/or adjusted for each JP Office.

Continued analysis and comparison of FY17 and FY18 collection reports are being conducted by the Auditors' office to determine year-end adjustments to the receivables balance as of September 30, 2017.

2017-002 Significant Deficiency: Fixed asset inventory reporting

Condition. The County adopted a fixed asset inventory reporting policy in March, 2016. The policy defines the County's capitalization criteria and establishes a procedure for periodic inventory of these assets. However, the policy does not address fixed asset acquisitions or disposals.

TRINITY COUNTY, TEXAS SCHEDULE OF AUDIT FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2017

Criteria or Specific Requirements. Proper accounting for capital assets, as well as requirements relating to any fixed assets acquired from grants and/or other federal funds, involves the development of an appropriate control system to safeguard and maintain the equipment and to provide for final disposal once the equipment is no longer needed.

Effect. Possible fraud, theft, inaccurate reporting and/or non-compliance with grants, laws, or other regulations.

Recommendation. We recommend that the County review and revise, as needed, its fixed asset policy to address items noted above.

View of responsible officials and corrective action. Management agrees with the recommendation. The County Auditor will revise the fixed asset policy and establish written procedures for fixed asset acquisitions or disposals.

TRINITY COUNTY, TEXAS SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2017

Financial Statements Audit Findings

2016-001 Significant Deficiency: Fines Receivable From prior year finding, 2015-002

Condition. The JP offices were unable to produce reports detailing the amount of fines outstanding at year end. It is speculated that the reports were unavailable because they should have been generated at each month end and could not be reproduced after the fact.

Responsible official's response from prior year. The County Commissioners approved new JP court management software on December 27, 2016. Initial consultation, review of current software system hardware, workstations and review of forms, fees and fines began in January 2017. Final installation, training and conversion of existing court system data is anticipated to be completed by the end of May 2017. The new management software system will help streamline the JP court management activities and will provide a more accurate reporting of data on a daily basis.

Updated status. This matter remains outstanding; see also, current year finding, 2017-001, and updated status on page 93.